



Catchment vegetation revival workshop

Kinlochewe
26th April 2023

also
live-streamed

[https://www.facebook.com/
WRFT22](https://www.facebook.com/WRFT22)

www.wrft.org.uk



Purpose of meeting

Land in Wester Ross has been managed for cattle, sheep and deer production; native and commercial woodlands; nature conservation, and more recently for peatland restoration.

Wild salmon do best in rivers which are relatively stable (not too much erosion and sediment movement) and fertile with trees along river banks, and spates which are not too severe.

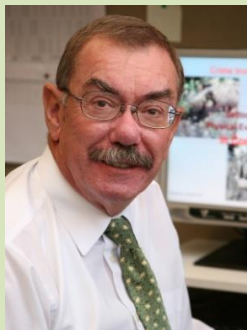
Governments have committed to responding to climate change and biodiversity targets and there are new funding streams to provide support, and to mitigate against flood risk.

Workshop aims to bring together people from different backgrounds to share knowledge and experience, **to learn from each other and be better able to respond to future challenges.**

What can be done in Wester Ross?

What are the shared objectives?

Wester Ross Fisheries Trust 2023



Chairman
Prof Dave Barclay



Administrator
Peter Jarosz



Admin assistant
Emma Watson



Graduate placement
**Dr Shraveena
Venkatesh**



Tournaig trap
Ben Rushbrooke



Field assistant
Roger McLachlan



Research scientist
Dr Steve Kett
(Trustee)



Field assistant
(Trustee)
Alasdair MacDonald



Field assistant
(& Trustee)
Mark Williams



Biologist
Peter Cunningham

& lots of other helpers . . .



WESTER ROSS FISHERIES TRUST

REVIEW April 2023



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WRFT Review of 2021 – 2022

Rod catches

Adult salmon sampling

Juvenile fish surveys

Sea trout monitoring

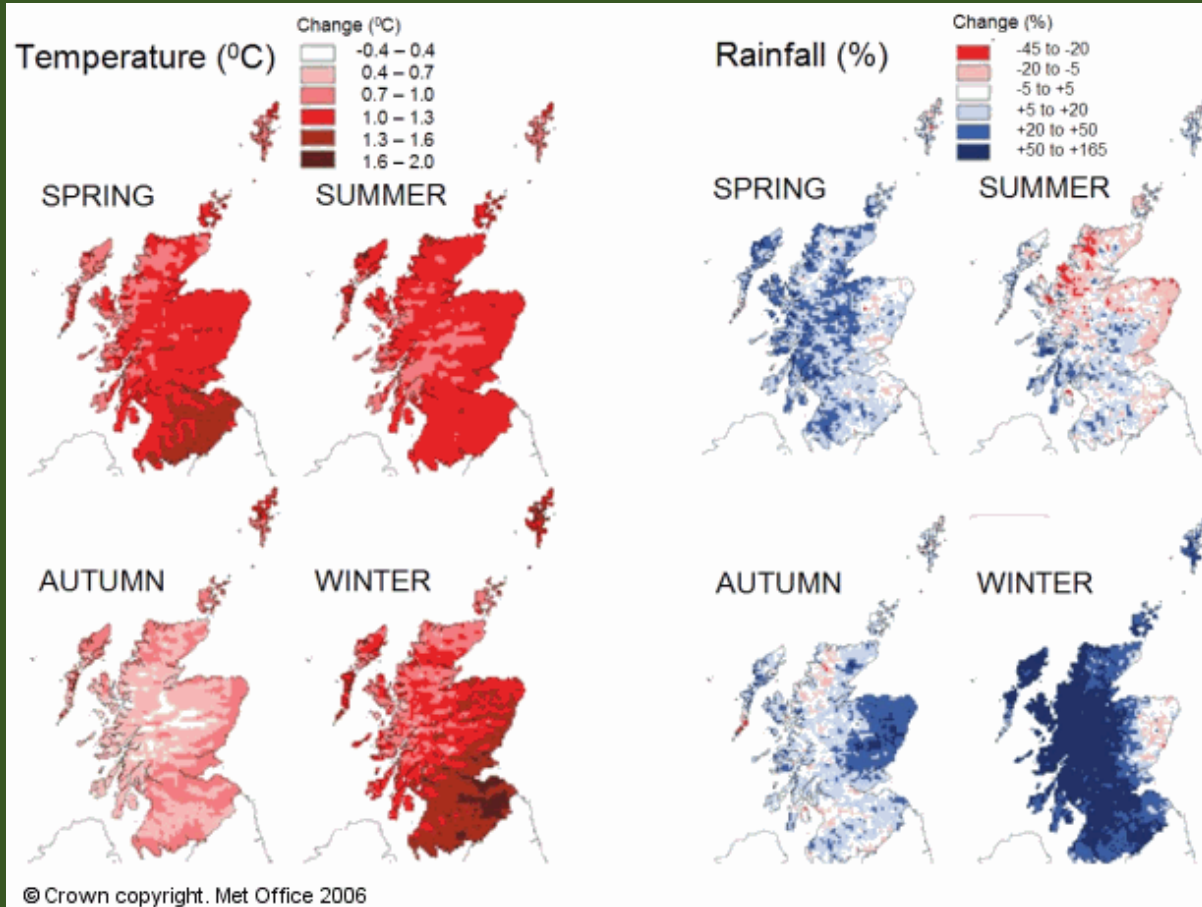
Salmon farm issues

WRASFB report

Projects:

- Coastal fyke net
- Herring
- Wester Ross MPA Discovery day
- Outreach
- Rhododendron ponticum control
- Rhidorroch River sediment

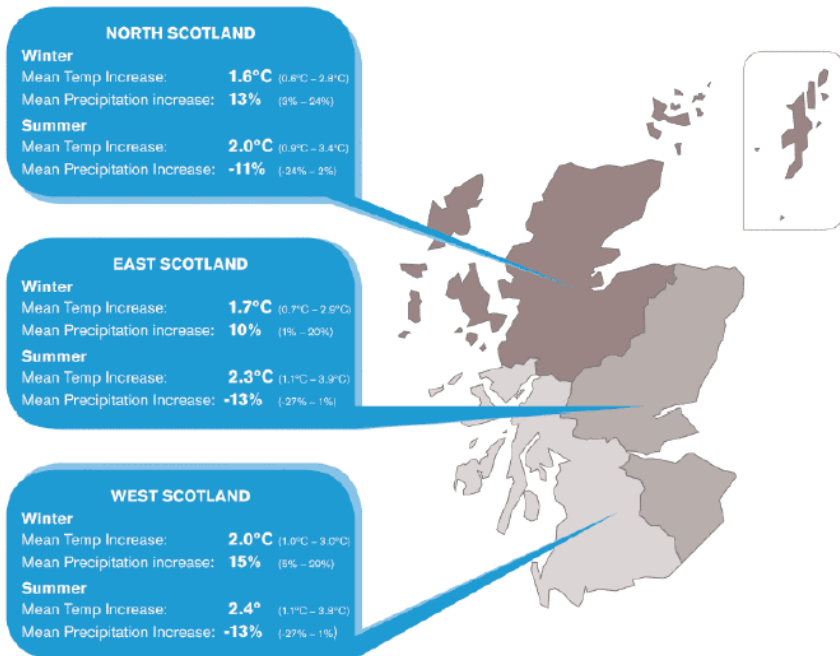
Changing weather patterns . . . 1961 to 2004



<https://www.forestresearch.gov.uk/research/climate-change-adaptation/climate-change-in-scotland/>

Changing weather patterns . . . predictions?

2050 (from 2009 levels)



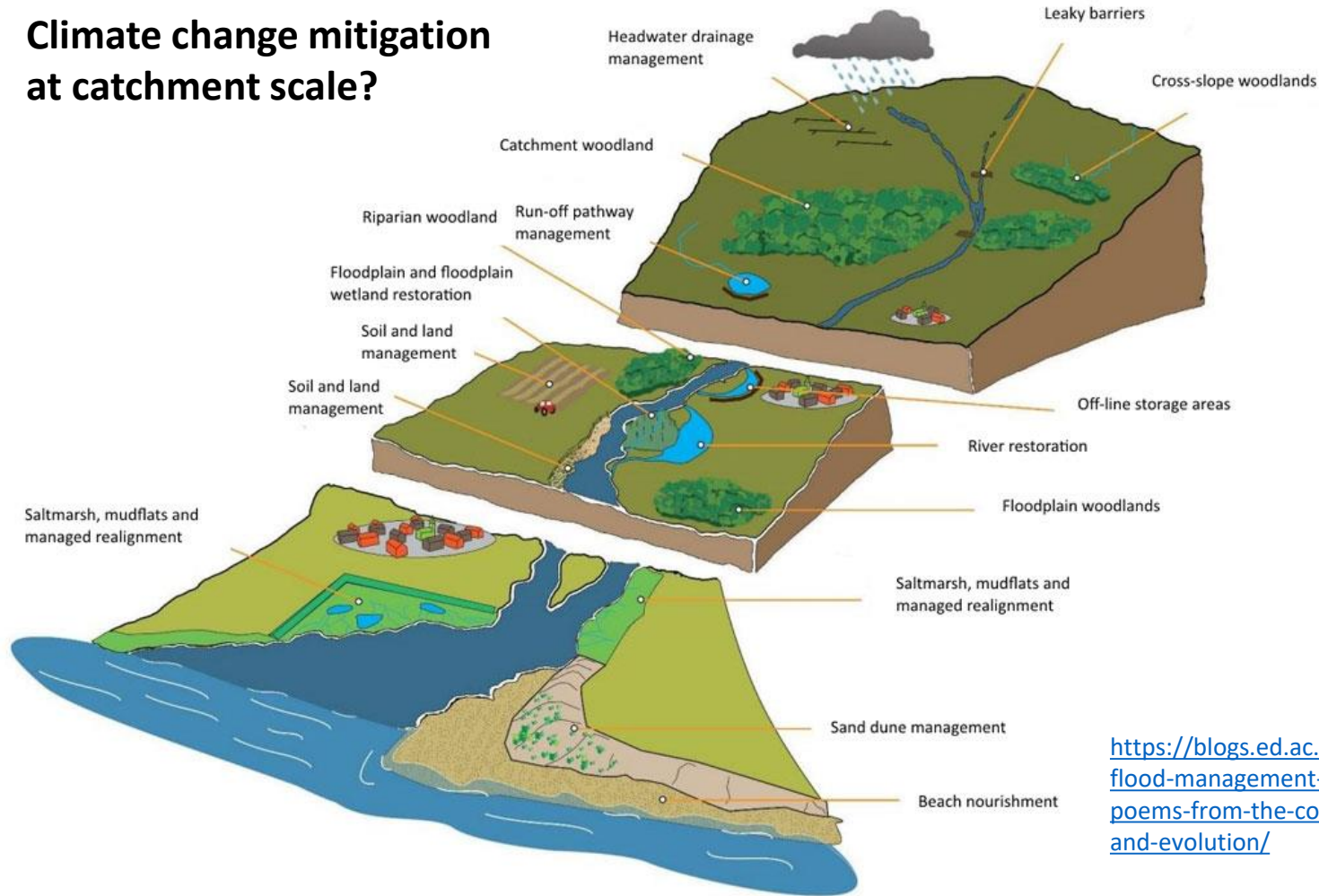
. . . .more flash floods anticipated

2100 (from 2014 levels)



<https://www.metoffice.gov.uk/about-us/press-office/news/weather-and-climate/2018/rainfall-changes-for-northern-britain>

Climate change mitigation at catchment scale?



<https://blogs.ed.ac.uk/hdeak/2020/03/03/natural-flood-management-seminar-by-dr-ian-pattison-and-poems-from-the-course-topics-in-palaeobiology-and-evolution/>

Catchment woodlands

Instream structures-
large woody debris

Agricultural and upland
drainage modifications-
upland drain blocking

Mitigation at catchment scale?

Non-floodplain
wetlands

Offline
storage
pond

River bank
restoration-
stock fencing

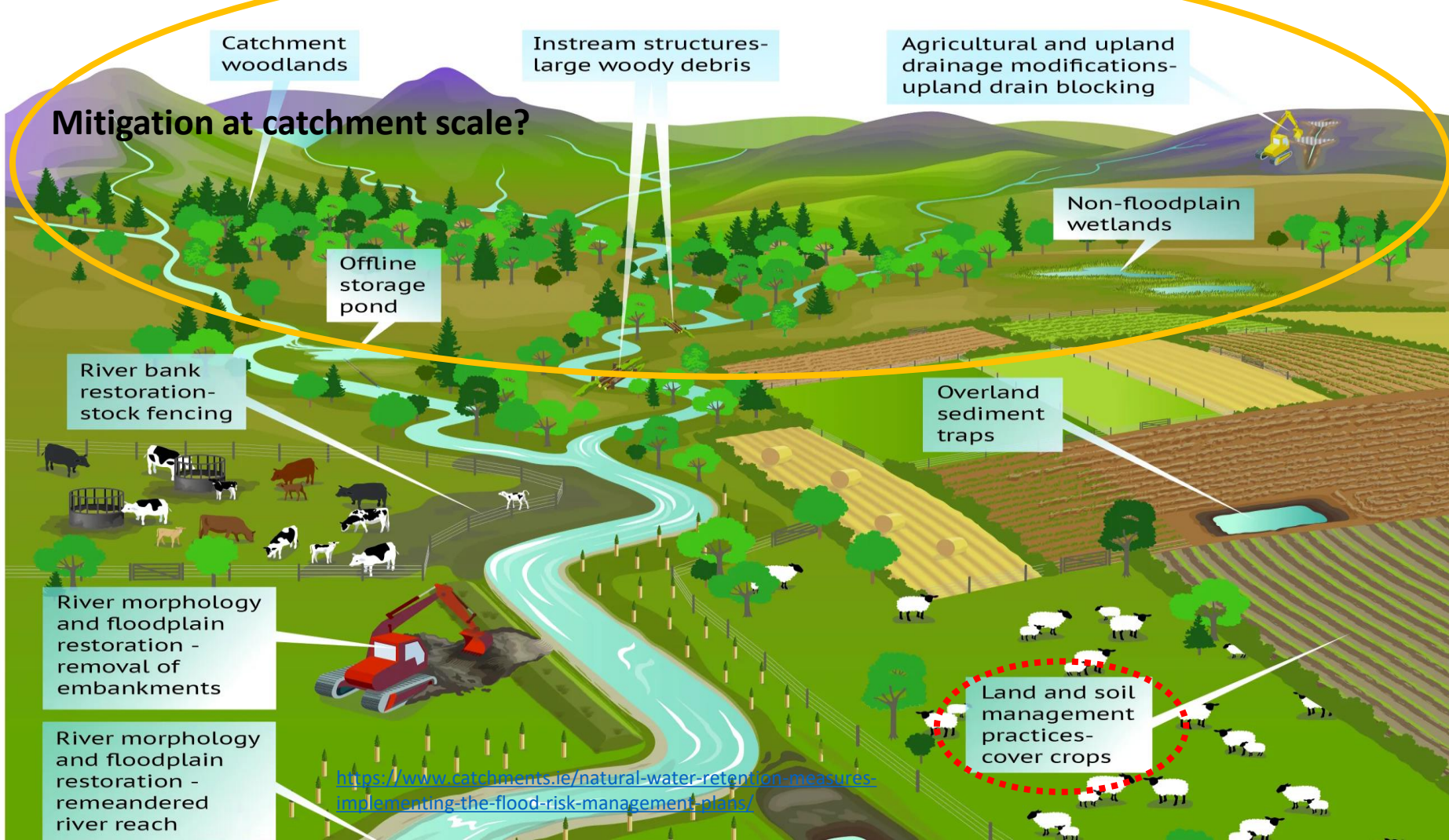
Overland
sediment
traps

River morphology
and floodplain
restoration -
removal of
embankments

River morphology
and floodplain
restoration -
remeandered
river reach

Land and soil
management
practices-
cover crops

<https://www.catchments.ie/natural-water-retention-measures-implementing-the-flood-risk-management-plans/>



Catchment vegetation revival workshop (26th April 2023)

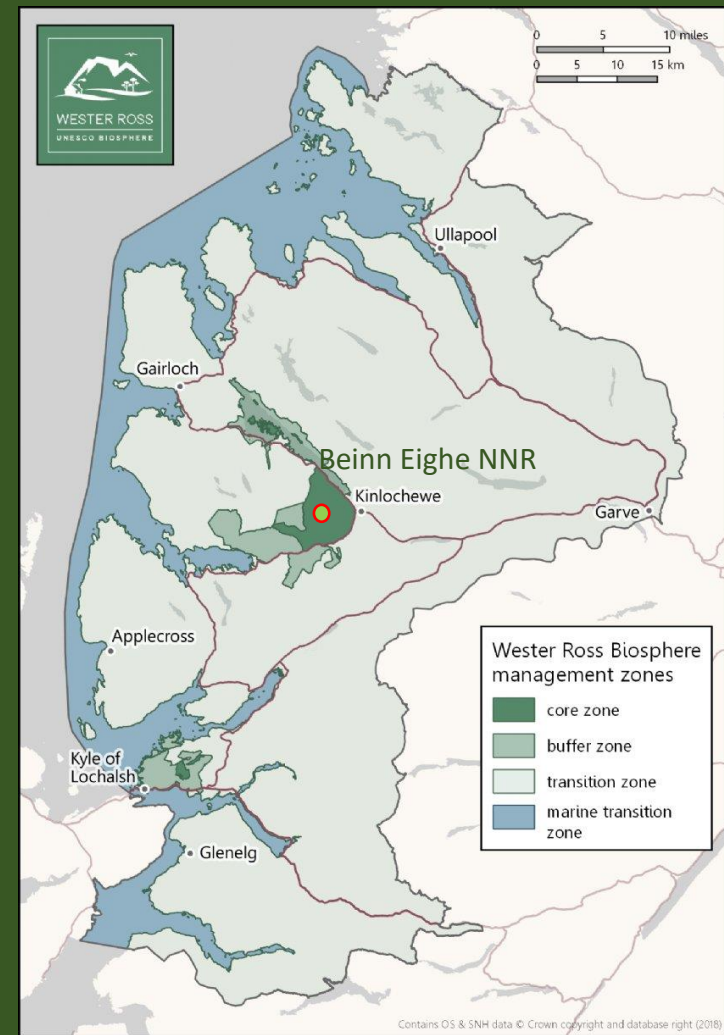
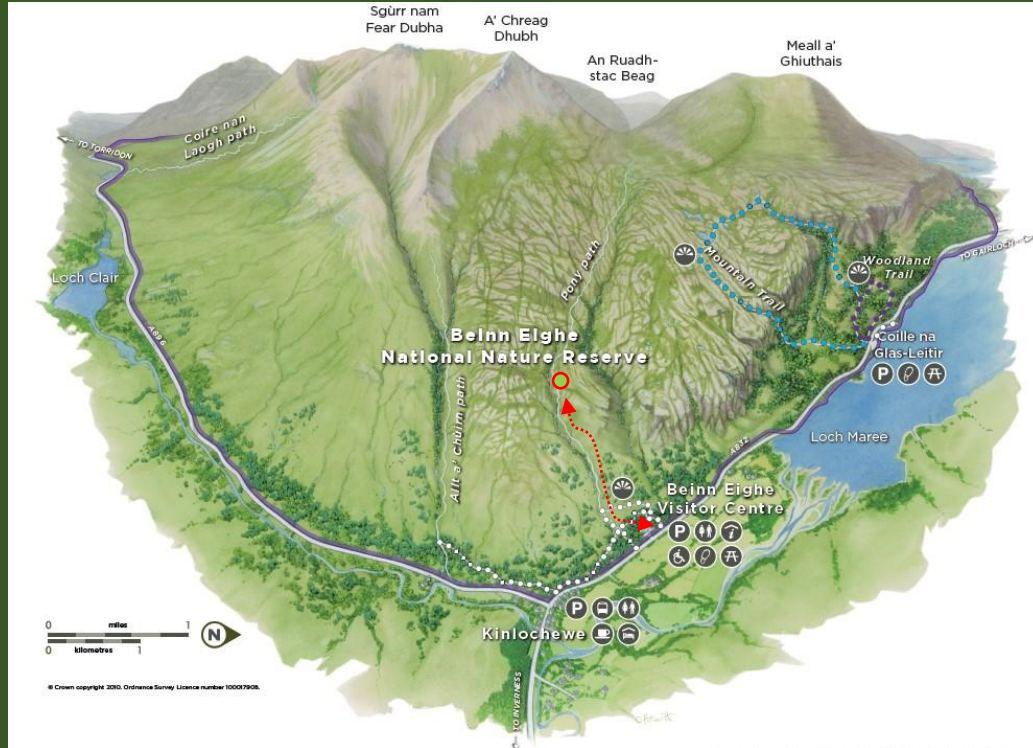
Programme

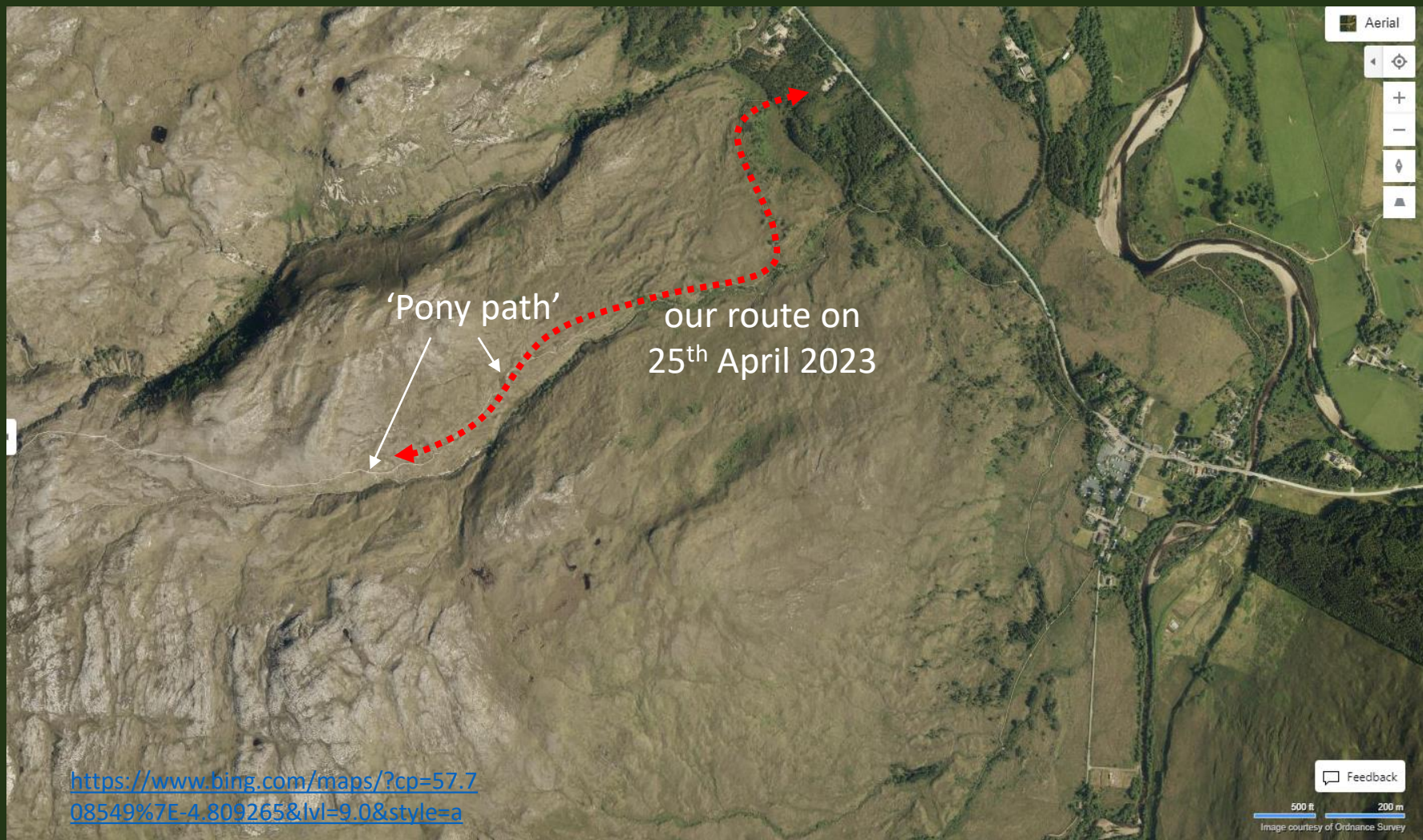


10.30	Introduction (up to here!)	Peter Cunningham (WRFT)
10.40	Review of field excursion on Beinn Eighe NNR	Dr Shraveena Venkatesh (WRFT)
11.00	Catchment vegetation and wild salmon	Peter Cunningham (WRFT)
11.20	Rough guide to deer stalking	Alasdair Macdonald (Dundonnell Estate)
11.40	Peatland restoration: routes to success	Colin Morrison (Angus Davidson Ltd.)
12.00	Affric Highlands & Riverwoods initiatives	Paul Greaves (Affric Highlands)
12.20	Ben Shieldaig & Glen Torridon partnerships	Malcolm Turner (The Woodland Trust)
12.40	Seeking ecological solutions . . .	James Merryweather (Auchtertyre Academy)
Lunch 1pm to 2pm		
14.00	Group session . . . (everyone!)	
15.00	Reconvene and conclude	
~15.30	End of meeting	

Review of the Field Excursion at Beinn Eighe NNR on 25th April 2023 to look at hummocks & fertilised plots

Dr Shraveena Venkatesh
Nature Scot Graduate Trainee with Wester Ross Fisheries Trust





Many examples
of hummocks can
be seen by the
Pony Path on
Beinn Eighe NNR

Participants
inspecting a
hummock on
Beinn Eighe NNR
on 25th April 2023



Many examples
of 'hummocks'
can be seen by
the Pony Path on
Beinn Eighe NNR

Participants
inspecting a
hummock on
Beinn Eighe NNR
on 25th April 2023



Many examples of
'hummocks' can be
seen by the Pony
Path on Beinn
Eighe NNR

Participants
inspecting a
hummock on Beinn
Eighe NNR on 25th
April 2023



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Participants
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April 2023

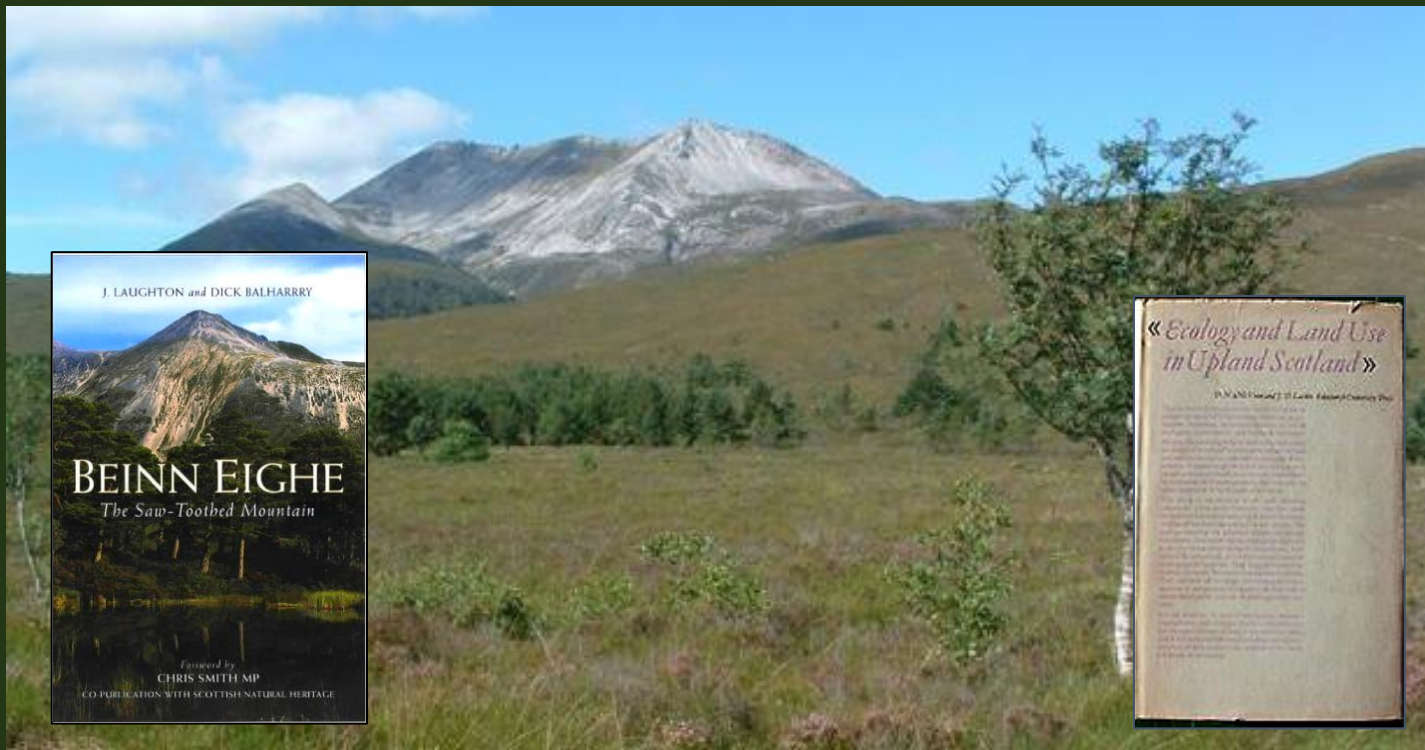


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Participants
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April 2023



Biological productivity in Wester Ross is primarily limited by the availability of phosphorus (P) within the ecosystem
(refs: e.g. McVean's fertilisation trials at Beinn Eighe NNR)



https://www.britishecologicalsociety.org/wp-content/plugins/bmbes/upload-downloader.php?upload_id=26804

Phosphorus

Phosphorus is essential to all life forms, and is concentrated in the bones of vertebrate animals as phosphate.

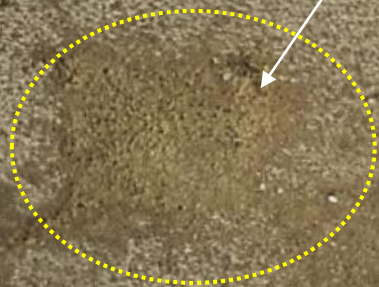
Donald McVean carried out experiments at Beinn Eighe NNR to learn about how phosphate affects growth of plants in moorland habitats

Picture by Ben Rushbrooke



Assorted bones, Aultgrishan shore 3rd April 2016

Fertilised (in 1961) plot



'In June 1961 D.N. McVean applied phosphate fertiliser at 3 oz to the square yard [approx. 100g / m², maybe about 20g P / m²] to two small rectangular plots within M15c(ii) Trichophorum-Erica wet heath on quartzite at NH 003 621.'

<https://www.bing.com/maps/?cp=57.708549%7E-4.809265&hl=9.0&style=a>

50 ft 10 m
Image courtesy of Ordnance Survey

Trials were carried out on Beinn Eighe NNR in 1961
to find out how to enhance soil fertility



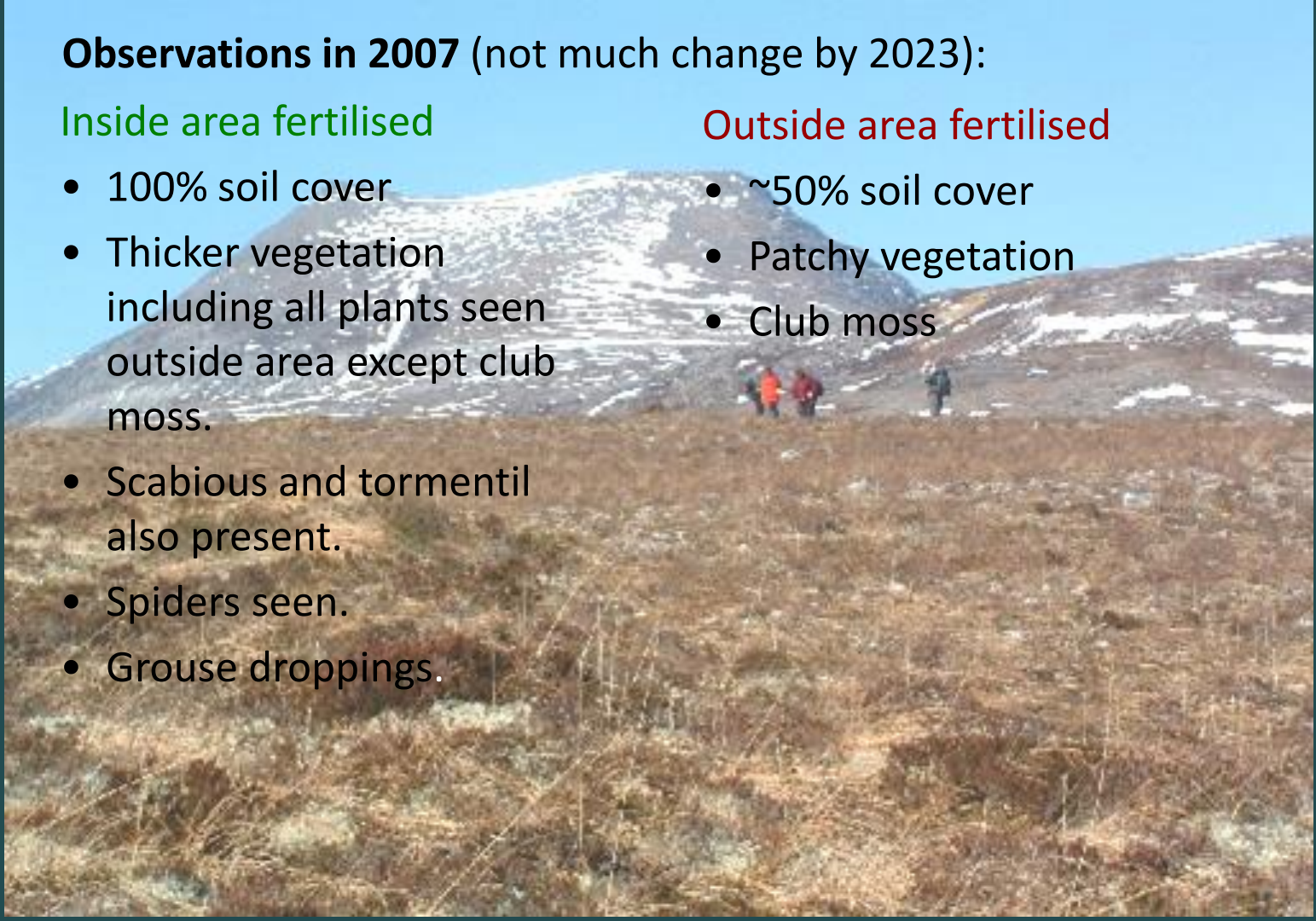
Observations in 2007 (not much change by 2023):

Inside area fertilised

- 100% soil cover
- Thicker vegetation including all plants seen outside area except club moss.
- Scabious and tormentil also present.
- Spiders seen.
- Grouse droppings.

Outside area fertilised

- ~50% soil cover
- Patchy vegetation
- Club moss



Donald McVean's Plots (photographs taken on 25th April 2023)

Unfertilised

Fertilised



Neither are natural
but which is desirable?

Rocks and knolls in prominent positions have also been enriched with phosphate by birds and mammals forming large hummocks



Raptor perch in Beinn Eighe NNR



Large hummock on ridge
in previous slide, can be
seen from the Pony Path



<https://www.bing.com/maps/?cp=57.708549%7E-4.809265&lvl=9.0&style=a>

Feedback

50 ft 10 m
Image courtesy of Ordnance Survey



Thank You

View over one of McVean's fertilised plots on Beinn Eighe NNR to Slioch,
taken on 25th April 2023 by Dr Shraveena Venkatesh