

Sea lice monitoring report for Torridon River estuary sampling, 25 Jul 2024.

Peter Cunningham, Biologist, WRFT. 26 Jul 2024 [info@wrft.org.uk](mailto:info@wrft.org.uk)

Sea trout data

<b>Location:</b>	Torridon river estuary																				
<b>Date:</b>	25-Jul-24	<b>Time:</b>	13:00	High tide around 12 noon																	
<b>*Counts:</b>	Peter Cunningham																				
<b>Team:</b>	6																				
<b>Weather:</b>	south breeze, overcast																				
<b>River</b>	medium, slightly coloured																				
<b>Other notes:</b>	4 sweeps of channel midway down estuary, following tide out.																				
	new net 47m x 3m used, carried by 6 people on old stretcher																				
											<i>Caligus</i>	<i>Lepeophtheirus salmonis</i>									
No.	Location	Date	Method	Riv/Est/B each	Fish	Fish no.	length (mm)	weight (g)	condition factor	total	Copepodid & Chalinus (estimate)	Pre-adult & adult	Ov. female	Total L. salmonis sea lice	*estimated lice/g fish weight	Dorsal fin damage	<i>Cryptocotyle ligua</i> spots per cm <sup>2</sup> of caudal fin	Predator damage	Photo	scale sample?	Comments
1	Torridon	25-Jul-24	Sweep Net	est	Sea trout	1	315	362	1.16	0	9	5	3	17	0.047	1	8	N	Y	y	plump, dorsal fin photo
2	Torridon	25-Jul-24	Sweep Net	est	Sea trout	2	198	78	1.00	0	2	1	0	3	0.038	0	2	N	Y	y	estuarine, ?recapture
3	Torridon	25-Jul-24	Sweep Net	est	Sea trout	3	170	47	0.96	0	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	N	Y	y	
4	Torridon	25-Jul-24	Sweep Net	est	Sea trout	4	186	70	1.09	0	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	1	N	Y	y	
5	Torridon	25-Jul-24	Sweep Net	est	Sea trout	5	170	54	1.10	0	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	N	Y	y	parr bars visible on fish
6	Torridon	25-Jul-24	Sweep Net	est	Sea trout	6	163	36	0.83	0	0	1	0	1	0.028	0	0	N	Y	y	
7	Torridon	25-Jul-24	Sweep Net	est	Sea trout	7	210	100	1.08	0	7	0	0	7	0.070	0	2	Y	Y	y	fat fish; old tail damage
8	Torridon	25-Jul-24	Sweep Net	est	Sea trout	8	155	36	0.97	0	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	N	Y	y	

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Mortality / early returned estimates for sea trout in sample based on method from Taranger et al 2015, Risk assessment for the environmental impact of Norwegian salmon farming ([PDF](https://www.researchgate.net/publication/266672998)) [Risk assessment of the environmental impact of Norwegian Atlantic salmon farming \(researchgate.net\)](https://www.researchgate.net/publication/266672998)

Fish no.	≥13 lice/fish?	Lice/g fish weight	Range	Mortality category	Number of fish in category	Total number of fish in sample	% of sample in category	projected mortality for category %	projected mortality of fish in sample %
1	Yes	0.047	>0.3	100%	0	8	0.00	0.00	
2	No	0.038	0.2-0.3	50%	0		0.00	0.00	
3	No	0.000	0.1-0.2	20%	0		0.00	0.00	
4	No	0.000	<0.1	0%	8		100.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
5	No	0.000							
6	No	0.028							
7	No	0.070							
8	No	0.000							

Notes:	
based on the assumption that small salmonid post-smolts (<150g body weight) will suffer 100% lice-related marine mortality, or return prematurely to freshwater for sea trout in the wild if the are infected with >0.3 lice per g of fish weight. Furthermore, the lice related marine mortality is estimated to 50%, if the infection is between 0.2 and 0.3 lice per g fish weight, 20% if the infection rate is between 0.1 and 0.2 lice per g fish weight, and finally 0% if the salmon lice infection is <0.1 g fish weight.	
0.05 and 0.1 lice per g fish weight, 20% for lice infections between 0.05 and 0.01 lice per g fish weight, and finally 0% if the salmon lice infection is <0.01 lice g fish weight.	
	colour code
Taranger, G. L., Karlsen, Ø., Bannister, R. J., Glover, K. A., Husa, V., Karlsbakk, E., Kvamme, B. O., Boxaspen, K. K., Bjørn, P. A., Finstad, B., Madhun, A. S., Morton, H. C., and Sva'sand, T. (2014) Risk assessment of the environmental impact of Norwegian Atlantic salmon farming. –ICES Journal of Marine Science, doi: 10.1093/icesjms/fsu132.	100% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater
	>50% to 99% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater
	>20% to 50% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater
	<20% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater
<a href="https://www.researchgate.net/publication/266672998">https://www.researchgate.net/publication/266672998</a> Risk assessment of the environmental impact of Norwegian Atlantic salmon farming	

### Acknowledgements

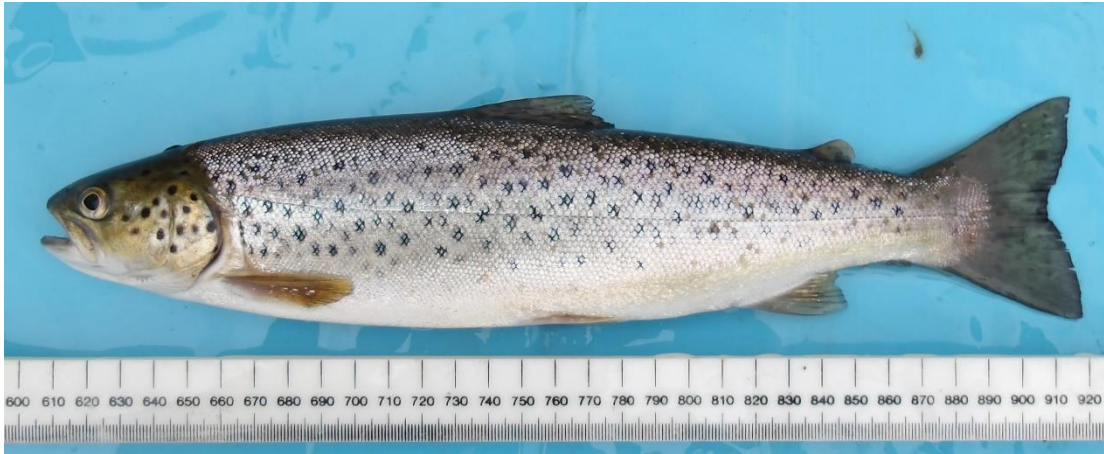
Sampling carried out as part of the Loch Torridon EMP Wild Fish Monitoring Programme supported by MOWI and Bakkafrost.

Thank you to Jim Raffell (Marine Directorate) and Nature Scot Beinn Eighe NNR volunteers for assistance. Thank you to NTS Torridon for access to the river.

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ST315mmTorridon25Jul2024



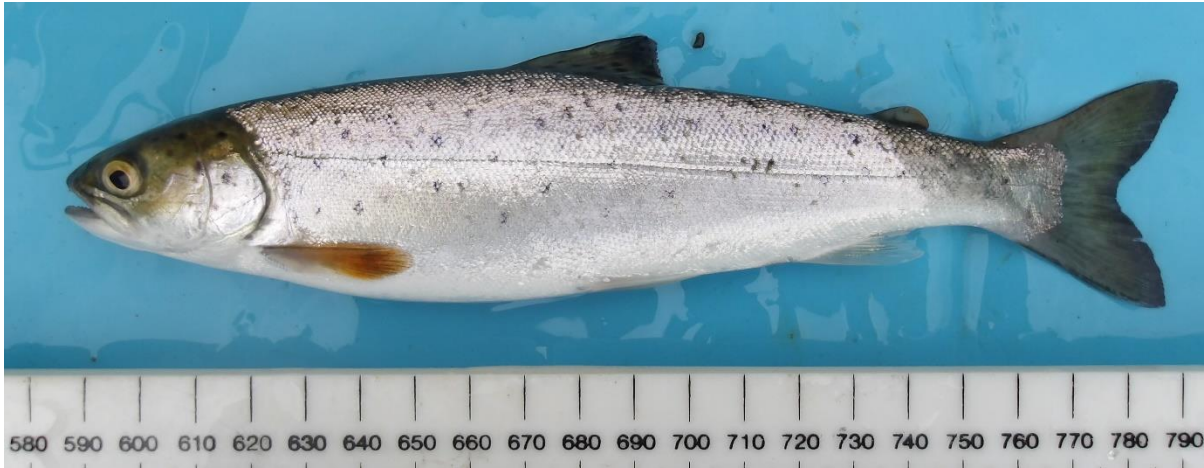
Dorsal fin of Sea trout 315mm



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ST210mm Torridon 25Jul24



Sweep netting team 25Jul24 (minus Peter C)

